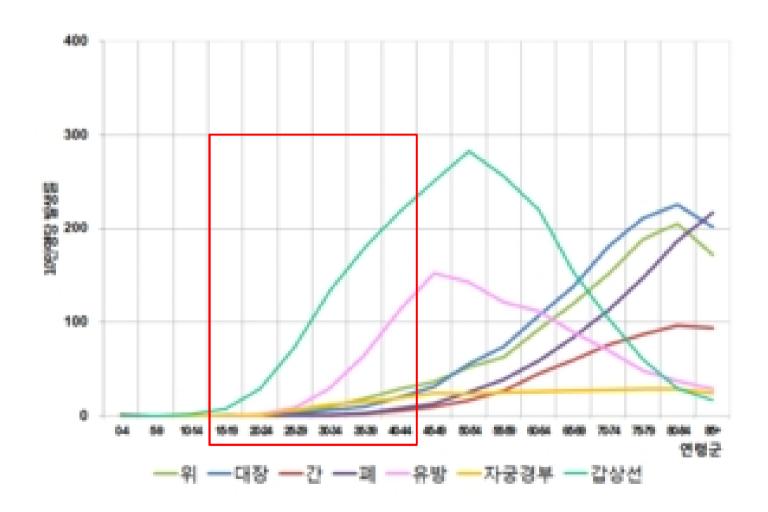
# A Combination of Simvastatin and Methylprednisolone Improve the Quality of Vitrified-Warmed Ovarian Tissue after Transplantation

# Jaewang Lee<sup>1,2</sup>

Eun Jung Kim<sup>1,2</sup>, Hyun Sun Kong<sup>1,2</sup>, Hye Won Youm<sup>1,2</sup>, Jung Ryeol Lee<sup>1,2</sup> Chang Suk Suh<sup>1,2</sup>, Seok Hyun Kim<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Seoul National University Bundang Hospital <sup>2</sup>Department of Obstetrics and Gynecology, Seoul National University College of Medicine

# 주요 암종 연령군별 발생률: 여자, 2011

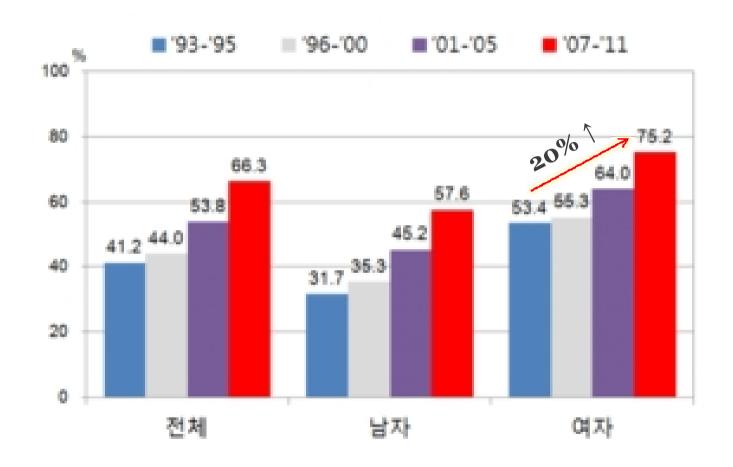








# 성별 5년 생존율 추이: 모든 암

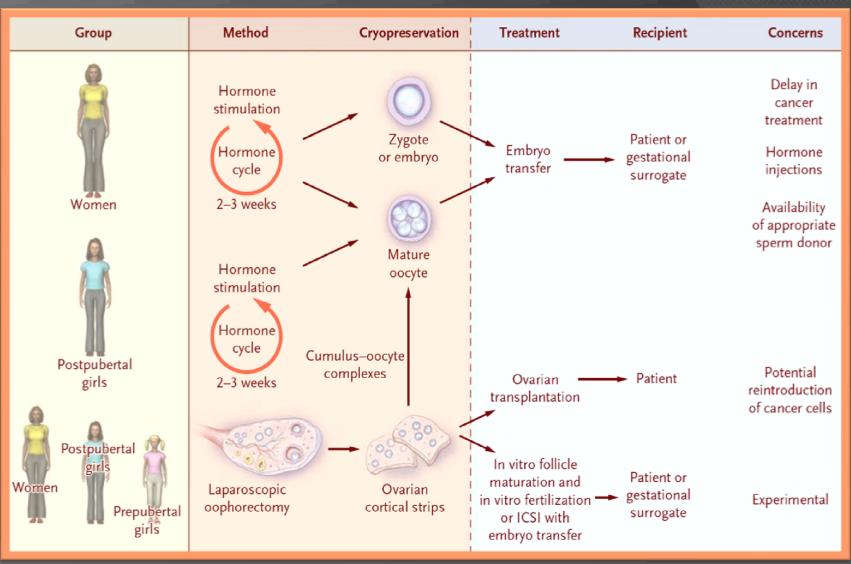








# Options for Fertility Preservation in Female Cancer Patients



# Problems during Ovarian Tissue Cryopreservation & Transplantation

- There are many **hurdles** during ovarian tissue (OT) cryopreservation and transplantation
  - Cryodamage (Cryopreservation)
  - > <u>Ischemic injury (Transplantation)</u>
  - > Re-implantation of malignancy cells (After transplantation)
- In general, after transplantation, ovarian revascularization occurs and numerous ovarian follicles are lost during the ischemic period (Israely et al., 2003, Jeremias et al., 2002)
- At least 25% of the primordial follicles are lost as a result of transplantation (TPL) of cryopreserved xenografts of human OT into mice (Newton et al., 1996).
- Therefore, reducing the ischemic damage during OT TPL is important for successful tissue TPL.

### Simvastatin

### Methylprednisolone

Chemical
Structure

### **Main Function**

# •HMG-CoA reductase inhibitor

### ·Corticosteroid

# Main Targets

- ·Hyperlipidemia
- •Coronary artery disease
- Arthritis
  - ·Autoimmunedisease

# **Other Effects**

- ·Angiogenesis
- ·Anti-inflammation
- ·Inhibition of apoptosis

•Decrease nitric oxide (NO)

### **Materials & Methods**

Control: PBS

Administration

Simpartation 5 mg/kg/day

2 hours before exprientance (Tenninos et al., 2013)



Combined: Sincustatia + Methylproduicolone

Methylpredninology: 15 mg/kg/day

### Collection of OTs



### Vitrification

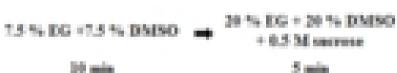


## Warming



### Equilibration

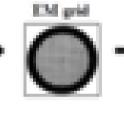
Santo



Standard



Visibleation



Load on







### 0.25 34





5 min

# Austra-

## transplantation.

# Transplantation





# Analysis

### **Materials & Methods**

### Animal

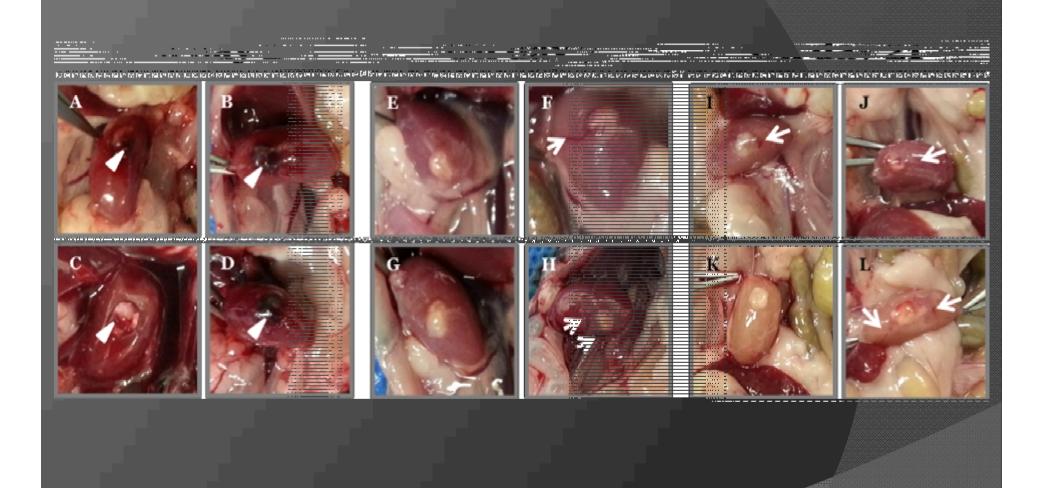
- ✓ 6-week-old aged BD F-1 mice
- ✓ Sacrifice on day 2, 7 and 21 after transplantation

### Assessment Methods

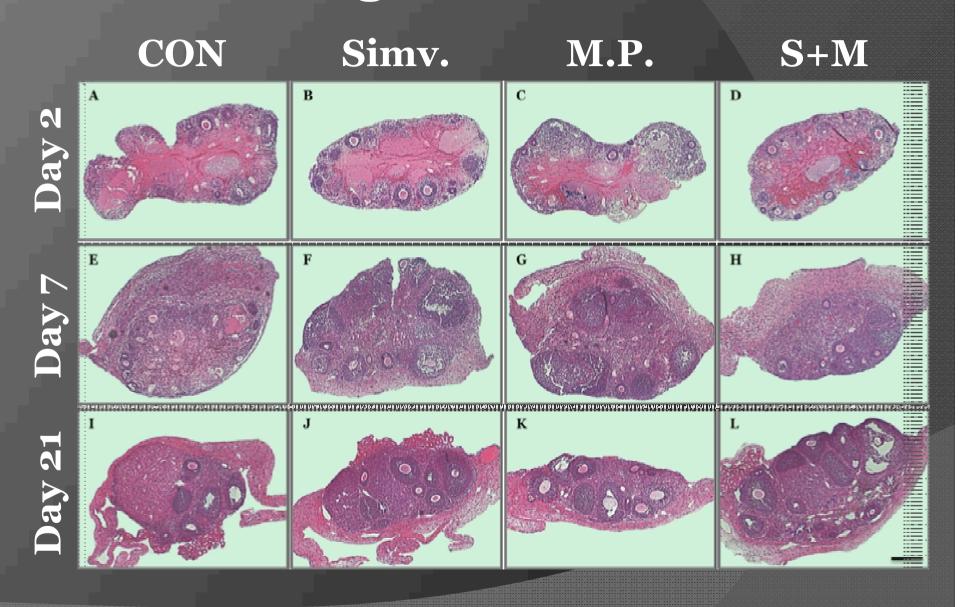
- ✓ Gross Observation
- ✓ Histological Analysis H&E Stain
- ✓ Follicle Classification Grade 1 Follicle
- ✓ Apoptosis TUNEL Assay
- ✓ Vessel Density IHC for CD31
- ✓ Immune Cell Infiltration Flow Cytometry for CD45
- ✓ Ovarian Reserve **ELISA for Serum AMH**
- ✓ Embryonic Development OPU, IVF and DST



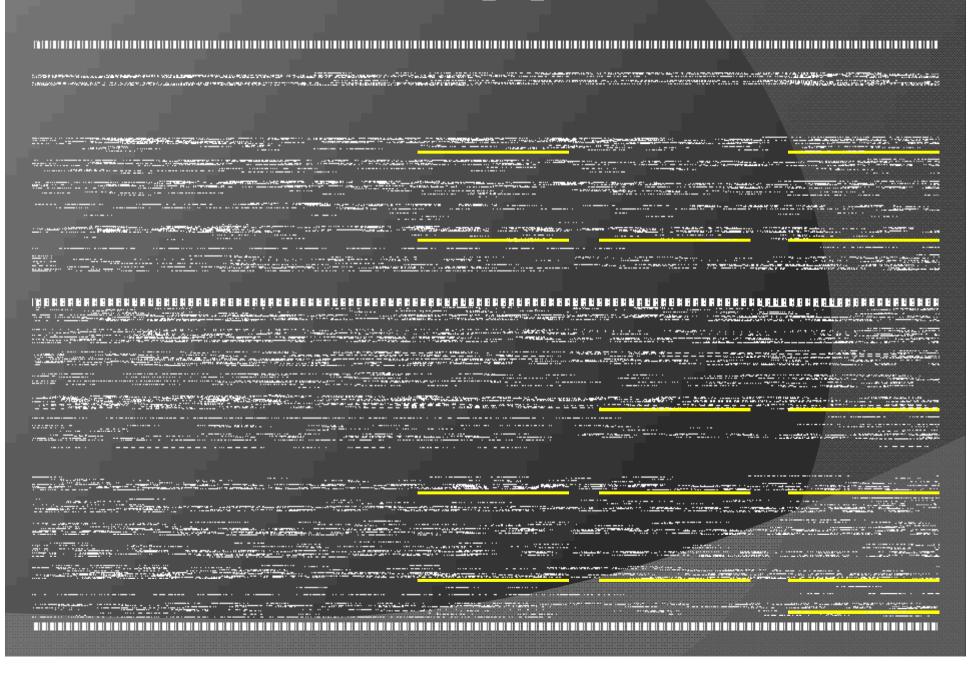
# **Gross Observation**



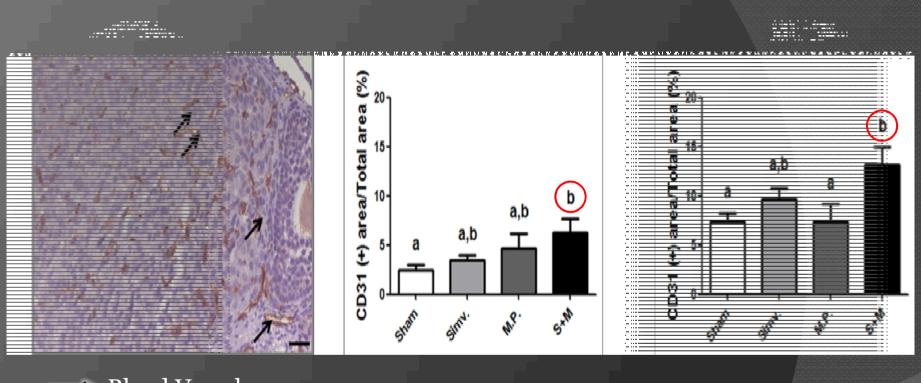
# Histological Assessment



# Grade 1 Follicle and Apoptotic Follicle Ratio

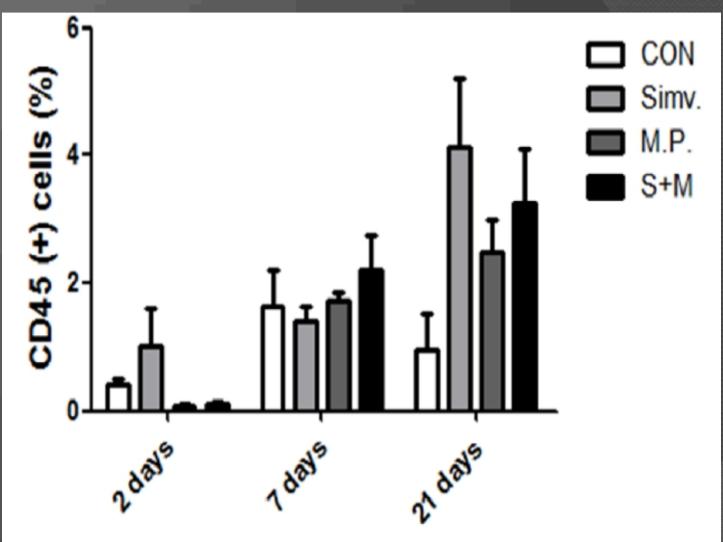


# The Proportion of CD31 Area



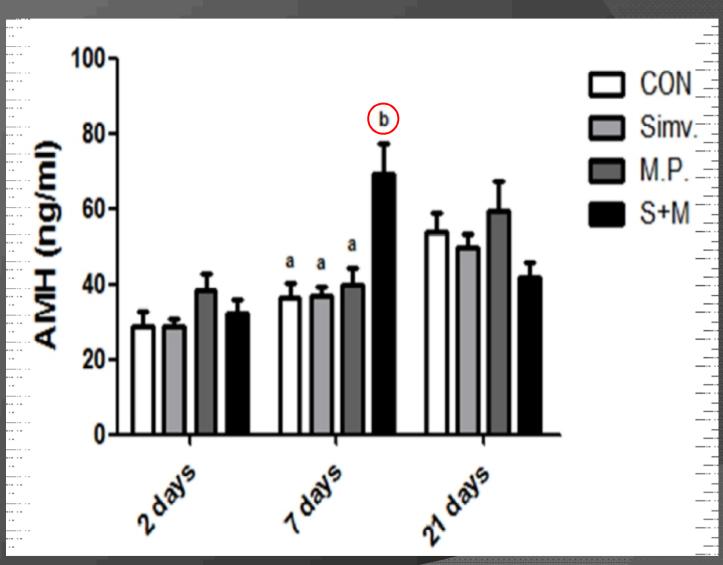
→ Blood Vessels

# The Proportion of CD45 Cells



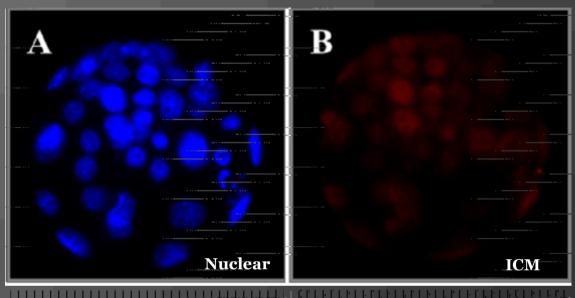
CD45: Leukocyte common antigen (LCA) De Vitro et al., Int J Mol Med (2012)

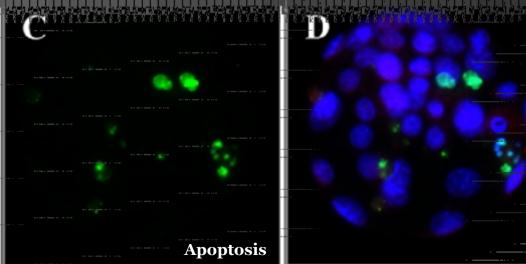
# Serum AMH Levels



Anti-Mullerian Hormone (AMH): A biomarker for ovarian reserve

# **Differential Staining**

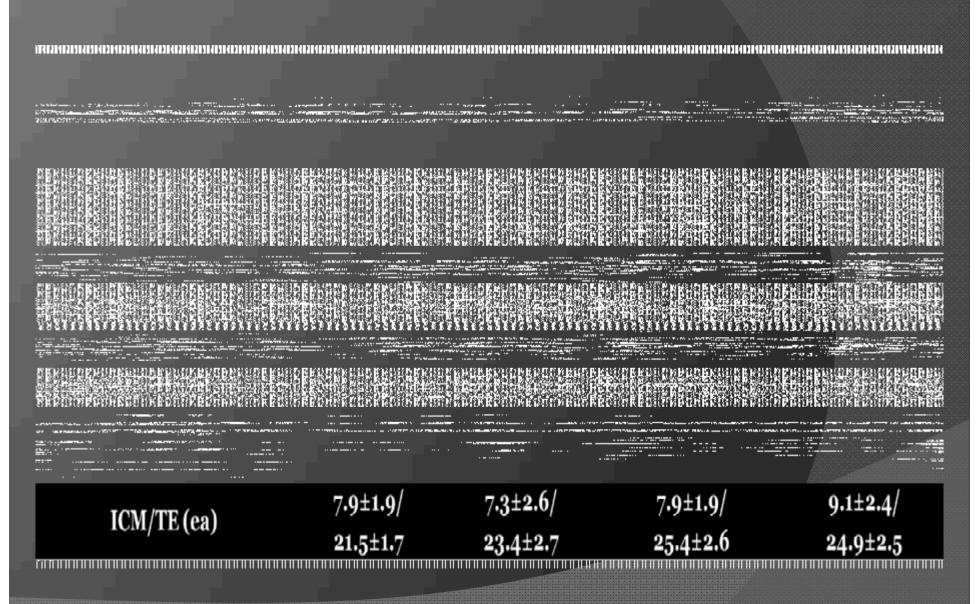


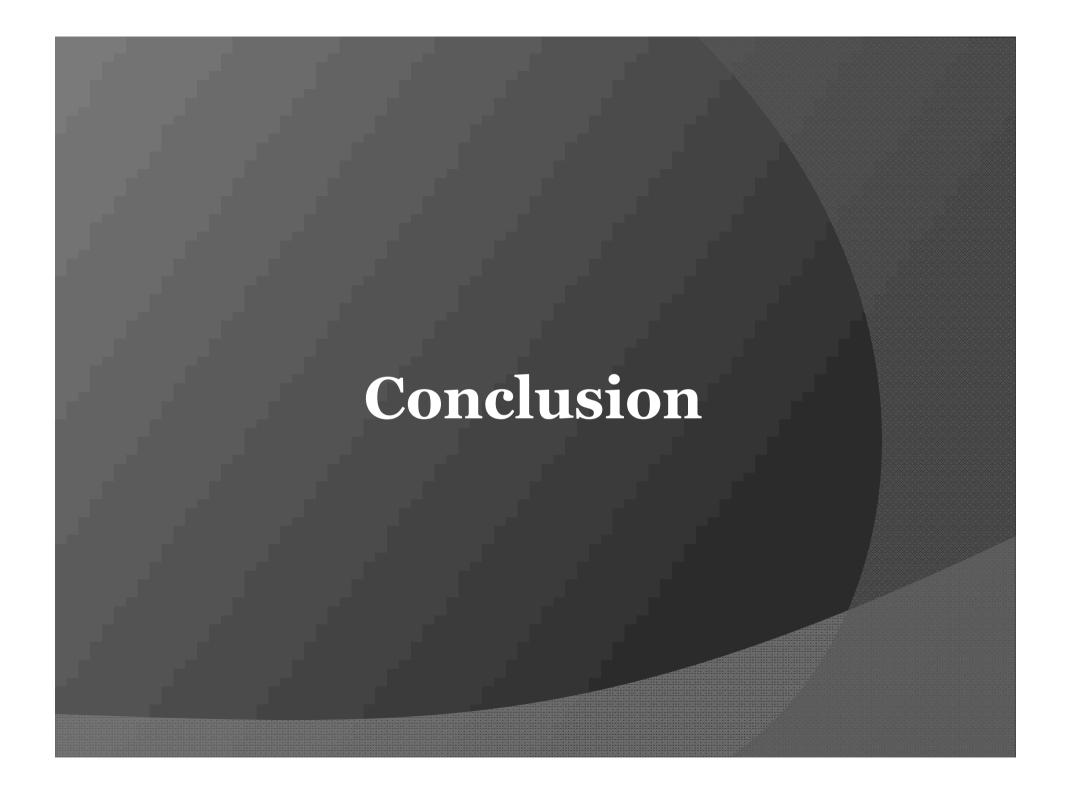


A: Hoechst33342
B: Anti-Oct4
C: TUNEL

D: Merged

# **Embryonic Development after IVF**





- Treatment with combined Simvastatin and Methylprednisolone enhances the quality of ovarian tissues and reserve quantity.
  - ✓ Primordial G1
  - **✓** Apoptotic Follicle
  - **✓ CD31-positive area**
  - **✓ Serum AMH**
- Although we evaluated the beneficial effects of Simvastatin and Methylprednisolone in the present study, we **could not unravel** the corresponding **protective mechanisms**
- This combinatorial treatment can be **clinically applied** to **humans** and **domestic animals** subject to further studies.